



Anti-GBA Antibody

Alternative Names: GBA, GCB, GLUC, Lysosomal acid glucosylceramidase, Lysosomal acid GCase, Acid beta-glucosidase, Alglucerase, Beta-glucocerebrosidase, Cholesterol glucosyltransferase, D-glucosyl-N-acylsphingosine glucohydrolase, Imiglucerase, lysosomal enzyme glucocerebrosidase, Glucosylceramidase Beta, GCase, EC 3.2.1.45

Catalogue Number: AB19-10120-50ug

Size: 50 µg

Background Information

Lysosomal acid glucosylceramidase (GBA or Glucocerebrosidase) is the lysosomal hydrolase that hydrolyzes glucosylceramide (GC) and glucosylsphingosine (GS) to ceramide and sphingosine. It is a 536-amino-acid membrane-associated protein with a 39-amino-acid leader sequence that is cleaved to produce a 497-amino-acid mature protein.

Mutations in the GBA1 gene cause Gaucher disease, a lysosomal storage disease characterised by an accumulation of glucocerebrosides. Patients with Gaucher disease and heterozygous carriers are at increased risk of developing Parkinson's disease and Dementia with Lewy Bodies.

Product Information

Antibody Type:	Polyclonal	Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG	Species Reactivity:	Human
Immunogen:	Full length recombinant human GBA		
Format:	50 µg in 50 µl PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.		
Storage Conditions:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.		
Applications:	WB IHC WB 1:500-2000. IHC 1:50-200.		

Additional Information

Subcellular location:	Lysosome	MW:	60kDa (intended as a general guide and does not allow for all isoforms and species variations)
Gene ID	2629	Uniprot ID:	P04062